

6 Conclusion

Security is one of the most sensed human needs, is a precondition of development. Dangerousness, insecurity or conflict not only destroys infrastructure, including social infrastructure; it also encourages criminality, deters investment and makes normal economic activity impossible.

Security is also science that must be studied and developed, also art that must be understood and also culture that must be cultivated.

Securitology is complex science rising from contact of natural, social and technical sciences, it is science investigating the regularities and mechanisms of human, social groups, state and natural environment protection.

Securitology, through its orientation to systematic education of the man in the questions of security, wants to develop the quality change of the security environment. The man, competent in security questions, will behave rationally and will not threaten either him or natural environment.

LITERATURE

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PROBLEMS SAFETY OF LIVING A MAN-SOLUTION, PERSPECTIVES

ПРОБЛЕМИ БЕЗПЕКА ЖИТТЯ РОЗВИТКУ ЛЮДИНИ, ПЕРСПЕКТИВИ

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Annotation. This thesis examines problems safety of living a man. Scientists explore many questions connected with the safety of living. This topic is also important concerning working conditions of the person. The main thing which everyone should know is following the rules of safety of living to make the working and home conditions safe. The science about safety of living is very interesting and perspective. Future stays after it.

Keywords: safety of living, person, problem, solution, perspective, threats, classification.

Аннотация. В статье рассматриваются проблемы безопасности жизни человека. Ученые исследуют многие вопросы, связанные с безопасностью жизни. Эта тема также важна в отношении условий труда человека. Главное, что каждый должен следовать правилам безопасности жизни, чтобы сделать рабочие и домашние условия безопасными. Наука о безопасности жизни очень интересна и перспективна. Будущее остается за ней.

Ключевые слова: безопасность жизни, личность, проблема, решение, перспектива, угрозы, классификация.

Анотація. У статті розглядаються проблеми безпеки життя людини. Учені вивчають багато питань, пов'язаних з безпекою життя. Ця тема також важлива щодо умов трудової діяльності людини. Головне, що кожен повинен дотримуватись правил безпеки життя, щоб зробити робочі та домашні умови безпечними. Наука про безпеку життя дуже цікава і перспективна. Майбутнє залишається за нею.

Ключові слова: безпека життя, особистість, проблема, рішення, перспектива, загрози, класифікація.

Social upheavals, natural disasters, climate change, technogenic catastrophes, and world financial and economic crises - all this does not give rest to modern people. Not surprisingly, at the end of the 20th and beginning of the 21st century, interest in security issues increased significantly worldwide. Exploring its various aspects, people develop new concepts, apply modern discussions, develop new approaches, and search for optimal ways.

Features of the new era make it necessary to focus on the dangers of a transformed environment. Before the start of the new era, due to the spontaneous use of the method of trial and error, it always turned out that they became smaller than the original ones. For example, artificial heat in a modern home (against the danger of freezing) after fire-dangerous open fires in the caves and carbon monoxide in the cottages was encased in water heating batteries. Dangers remained - the breakthrough of heating mains, untimely import of fuel into boiler houses.

By structure of danger are divided into simple and derivative, i.e. generated by the interaction of simple, and on the realized energy - on the active and passive.

Threats can be classified as follows:

- on objects - a person, a society, the state;
- on directions - economic, social, political, information, etc. ;
- by magnitude of damage - limiting, significant, insignificant;
- probability of occurrence - very probable, probable, unlikely;
- for reasons of appearance - spontaneous, deliberate.

All considered threats and threats at the global level are external to security objects located below the hierarchical levels: regional, state, public and individual.

The internal hazards and threats of the lower hierarchical levels include the following:

- regional and national social explosions and conflicts;

- hunger, the spread of disease, the degradation of people;
- the growth of violence, crime, drug addiction, alcoholism, etc.[1]

Thus, the safety of life is one of the universal and fundamental needs and laws of development of man, society, state, humanity.

Safety of living is a system of legal, socio-economic, organization a land technical, sanitary and hygienic and the rapautic and preventive measure sand mean saimed at preserving the life, health and efficiency of a person in the process of labor activity. [2]

The solutions of the problems of life safety is to ensure normal (comfortable) conditions for people's activities, in protecting a person and person`s environment (industrial, natural, urban, residential) from exposure to harmful factors exceeding regulatory levels. Maintaining optimal conditions for the activity and rest of a person creates prerequisites for high efficiency and productivity. [3]

Ensuring the safety of work and rest contributes to the preservation of life and health of people by reducing injuries and morbidity.

As the science Safety of Living is in the stage of its formation. Undoubtedly, it must rely on scientific achievements and practical developments in the field of labor protection, the environment, forecasting and protection in emergency situations, achievements in preventive medicine, biology, be based on laws and by-laws.[4]

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КОНТРОЛЬ ЯКОСТІ ЛІКАРСЬКИХ ЗАСОБІВ QUALITY CONTROL OF MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

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Анотація. Розгляд демографічної проблеми, факторів, які підвищують рівень смертності, та безпеки лікарських засобів для здоров'я людини.

Ключові слова: контроль якості, лікарські засоби, антибіотики, реакції.